

# Safety Data Sheet



## 1. Identification

**Product Name:** Alex Fast Dry Premium Spackling

**Revision Date:** 7/7/2021

**Product UPC Number:** 070798184404

**Supersedes Date:** New SDS

**Product Use/Class:** Spackling Compound

**SDS No:** 7910568

**Preparer:** Regulatory and Environmental Affairs

**Manufacturer:** DAP Products Inc.  
2400 Boston Street Suite 200  
Baltimore, MD 21224-4723  
Non-Emergency Telephone: 888-327-8477  
Emergency Telephone: 1-352-323-3500

**Supplier** RUST-OLEUM AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND  
PTY LTD  
Level 2, 307 Ferntree Gully Road  
Mount Waverley, Victoria 3149  
Australia  
Email: technical @rustoleum.au  
www.rustoleum.com.au

## 2. Hazard Identification

This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good per the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

### GHS Classification

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

### Symbol(s) of Product

None

### Signal Word

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

### Possible Hazards

27% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute toxicity

### GHS LABEL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container.

## 3. Composition/Information On Ingredients

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Wt. %</u>	<u>GHS Symbols</u>	<u>GHS Statements</u>
Soda lime borosilicate glass	65997-17-3	7-13	GHS08	H350
Limestone	1317-65-3	7-13	GHS07	H332
Perlite	93763-70-3	5-10	GHS07	H315-319
Fly ash	68131-74-8	1-5	GHS06	H331
Mica	12001-26-2	1-5	No Information	No Information
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	0.5-1.5	GHS07	H332-335
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H335-351
Quartz	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	GHS07-GHS08	H332-350-370-372

Contains less than 0.1% respirable crystalline silicate in the form of quartz.

**The balance of the product is Nonhazardous.**

#### 4. First-aid Measures

**FIRST AID - INHALATION:** If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

**FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin with soap and water for 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist.

**FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.

**FIRST AID - INGESTION:** If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

#### 5. Fire-fighting Measures

**ADG HAZCHEM CODE:** No Information

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Alcohol Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Spray or Fog, Water

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:** No Information

**SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

#### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**ENVIRONMENTAL MEASURES:** No Information

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

**HANDLING:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ensure fresh air entry during application and drying. Do not breathe dust. Removal of this product after use will result in the generation of Dust. If dry-sanded, exposure to dust may result in the build-up of material in eyes, ears, nose, and mouth which may cause irritation. While dry sanding, use of a NIOSH-approved dust mask is recommended. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**STORAGE:** Avoid excessive heat and freezing. Do not store at temperatures above 120 °F (49 °C). Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Keep containers tightly closed.

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV- TWA	ACGIH TLV- STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL- CEILING

Soda lime borosilicate glass	65997-17-3	15.0	1 fiber/cm <sup>3</sup> TWA As Continuous filament glass fibers [RR-01545-2] respirable fibers: length >5 μm, aspect ratio >=3:1, as determined by the membrane filter method at 400-450X magnification [4-mm objective], using phase-contrast illumination Synthetic vitreous fibers, 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA As Continuous filament glass fibers [RR-01545-2] inhalable particulate matter Synthetic vitreous fibers	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Limestone	1317-65-3	15.0	N.E.	N.E.	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA total dust, 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA respirable fraction	N.E.
Perlite	93763-70-3	10.0	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Fly ash	68131-74-8	5.0	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA As Copper compounds [RR-00595-8] dust and mist	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Mica	12001-26-2	5.0	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA respirable particulate matter	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	5.0	25 ppm TWA vapor fraction	50 ppm STEL vapor fraction, 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL inhalable particulate matter, aerosol only	N.E.	N.E.
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1.0	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	N.E.	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA total dust	N.E.
Quartz	14808-60-7	1.0	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA respirable particulate matter	N.E.	50 μg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA Respirable crystalline silica	N.E.

### Personal Protection



**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** When concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved dust, mist and fume respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor of the respirator may be exceeded, use of a full facepiece, supplied air, or Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. If concentrations exceed the exposure limits specified, use of a NIOSH-approved supplied air respirator is recommended. Where the protection factor is exceeded, use of a Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) may be necessary. Use an approved NIOSH/OSHA respirator if dry sanded. National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) has recommended that the permissible exposure limit be changed to 50 micrograms respirable free silica per cubic meter of air (0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>) as determined by a full shift sample up to 10-hour work shift. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.



**SKIN PROTECTION:** Wear protective gloves.



**EYE PROTECTION:** Safety glasses with side-shields.



**OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:** Not required under normal use.



**HYGIENIC PRACTICES:** Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance:</b>	White	<b>Physical State:</b>	Paste
<b>Odor:</b>	Little or No	<b>Odor Threshold:</b>	Not Established
<b>Density, g/cm<sup>3</sup>:</b>	0.78 - 0.78	<b>pH:</b>	Between 7.0 and 12.0
<b>Freeze Point, °C:</b>	Not Established	<b>Viscosity (mPa.s):</b>	Not Established
<b>Solubility in Water:</b>	Not Established	<b>Partition Coeff., n-octanol/water:</b>	Not Established
<b>Decomposition Temperature, °C:</b>	Not Established	<b>Explosive Limits, %:</b>	N.E. - N.E.
<b>Boiling Range, °C:</b>	100 - 100	<b>Auto-ignition Temperature, °C</b>	Not Established
<b>Minimum Flash Point, °C:</b>	100	<b>Vapor Pressure, mmHg:</b>	Not Established
<b>Evaporation Rate:</b>	Slower Than n-Butyl Acetate	<b>Flash Method:</b>	Seta Closed Cup
<b>Vapor Density:</b>	Heavier Than Air	<b>Flammability, NFPA:</b>	Non-Flammable
<b>Combustible Dust:</b>	Does not support combustion		

(See "Other information" Section for abbreviation legend)

(If product is an aerosol, the flash point stated above is that of the propellant.)

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

**STABILITY:** Stable under normal conditions.

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** Do not breathe dust. Avoid dust formation in confined areas. Excessive heat and freezing.

**INCOMPATIBILITY:** Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** Above 1450 degree C: SO<sub>2</sub> and CaO.

## 11. Toxicological Information

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION:** Prolonged, repeated, or high exposures may cause irritation to the respiratory tract (nose, mouth, mucous membranes). Dust from dry sanding may cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause mild irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Direct eye contact may cause irritation. May cause eye irritation.

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION:** Under normal use conditions, this product is not expected to cause adverse health effects. Single dose oral toxicity is very low. Amounts ingested incidental to industrial handling are not likely to cause injury; however, ingestion of large amounts may cause injury. Ingestion may result in obstruction when material hardens. Ingestion of ethylene glycol can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and if ingested in sufficient quantities, death.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** No Information

**EFFECT OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS:** The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has determined that crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite that is inhaled from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1- carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 68, Silica, Some Silicates and Organic Fibres (published in June 1997) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the 9th Report on Carcinogens (2000). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (Group A2). Breathing dust containing respirable crystalline silica may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have the following serious chronic health effects: Excessive inhalation of respirable dust can cause

pneumoconiosis, a respiratory disease, which can result in delayed, progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung injury. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. Smoking exacerbates this disease. Individuals with pneumoconiosis are predisposed to develop tuberculosis. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) and kidney disease. This product contains fly ash based hollow microspheres. Avoid dry sanding which may generate levels of crystalline silica in excess of 0.1%. Prolonged or repeated inhalation of dust may cause lung damage. Ethylene Glycol may cause kidney and liver damage upon prolonged and repeated overexposures. Studies have shown that repeated inhalation of ethylene glycol has produced adverse cardiovascular changes in laboratory animals. Ethylene glycol has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

**PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY:** Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

### Acute Toxicity Values

The acute effects of this product have not been tested. Data on individual components are tabulated below

<u>CAS-No.</u>	<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Oral LD50</u>	<u>Dermal LD50</u>	<u>Vapor LC50</u>
65997-17-3	Soda lime borosilicate glass	>2000 mg/kg Rat	>2000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L
1317-65-3	Limestone	6450 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
93763-70-3	Perlite	>10000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	N.I.
68131-74-8	Fly ash	>2000 mg/kg Rat	N.I.	> 5.38 mg/L Rat
12001-26-2	Mica	>5000 mg/kg	>5000 mg/kg	>20 mg/L
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	4700 mg/kg Rat	9530 mg/kg Rabbit	N.I.
13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide	>10000 mg/kg Rat	>5000 mg/kg Rabbit	>20 mg/L
14808-60-7	Quartz	N.I.	N.I.	N.I.

N.I. = No Information

## 12. Ecological Information

**ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:** Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

## 13. Disposal Information

**DISPOSAL INFORMATION:** This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261. Dispose as hazardous waste according to all local, state, federal and provincial regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

**STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:** In case of spillage, absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.

## 14. Transport Information

	<u>Domestic (USDOT)</u>	<u>International (IMDG)</u>	<u>Air (IATA)</u>	<u>ADG</u>
UN Number:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
Hazard Class:	N.A.	No Information	N.A.	N.A.
Packing Group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Limited Quantity:	No Information	No Information	No Information	No Information
ADG Hazchem: Code	No Information			

## 15. Regulatory Information

### Montreal Protocol

No Montreal Protocol components exist in this product.

### Stockholm Convention

No Information

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Water	7732-18-5
Limestone	1317-65-3
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1

### Rotterdam Convention

No Information

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS-No.</u>
Water	7732-18-5
Limestone	1317-65-3
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1

### MARPOL

No substances listed under the MARPOL regulations exist in this product.

### SUSMP

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>Schedule Number</u>
None	N.A.

No substances listed under the SUSMP regulations exist in this product.

### Capital Territories Environmental Regulations

No Capital Territory components exist in this product.

**16. Other Information**

**Revision Date:** 7/7/2021 **Supersedes Date:** New MSDS

**Reason for revision:** Periodic Update

**Datasheet produced by:** Regulatory Department

**HMIS Ratings:**

<b>Health:</b>	<b>Flammability:</b>	<b>Reactivity:</b>	<b>Personal Protection:</b>
2*	0	0	X

**VOC Less Water Less Exempt Solvent, g/L:** 20.2

**VOC Material, g/L:** 15

**VOC as Defined by California Consumer Product Regulation, Wt/Wt%:** 0.11

**VOC Actual, Wt/Wt%:** 1.9

**Text for GHS Hazard Statements shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:**

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H370	Causes damage to organs . Classified Category 1 Substances that produced significant toxicity in humans and evidence to produce significant toxicity with single exposure. Cell death, adverse change in biochemistry, haematology or urinalysis parameters, Central or peripheral nervous system and effects senses. multifocal or diffuse necrosis, fibrosis or granuloma formation in organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Icons for GHS Pictograms shown in Section 3 describing each ingredient:**

GHS06



GHS07



GHS08



Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.